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THE SITUATION IN AFGHANISTAN AND ITS
IMPLICATIONS FOR INTERNATIONAL
PEACE AND SECURITY

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-seventh year

Letter dated 18 August 1992 from the Permanent Representative of Pakistan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to transmit herewith the statement on the situation in Afghanistan issued by the Office of the Prime Minister of Pakistan, His Excellency Mian Mohammad Nawaz Sharif, on 13 August 1992 (see annex).

I should be grateful if the text of the present letter and its annex could be circulated as an official document of the General Assembly, under item 28 of the provisional agenda, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Jamsheed K. A. MARKER
Ambassador and Permanent Representative

* A/47/150.

ANNEX

Statement on the situation in Afghanistan, issued by the Office of the Prime Minister of Pakistan on 13 August 1992

The Prime Minister, Mian Mohammad Nawaz Sharif, condemned the senseless and indiscriminate rocket attacks and bombardment on Kabul that led to the tragic death of over 1,000 innocent people. In addition, the wanton destruction of property and a large number of casualties have led to hospitals overflowing with wounded and residents of the city suffering severe hardship. The Prime Minister added that the violence and destruction caused by the attacks had been condemned throughout the world and was a cause of profound concern to all those who had supported the courageous and heroic jehad of the Afghan people. He added that Pakistan would not allow its territory to be used by unscrupulous elements engaged in undermining the territorial integrity of Afghanistan and the noble objectives of the jehad.

The Prime Minister called for an immediate cessation of attacks on Kabul. He added that all differences between the Afghan people should be settled peacefully and through negotiations on the basis of the Peshawar Accord of 24 April. He reaffirmed that Pakistan would give its full support to the Government of Afghanistan in bringing about peace and reconciliation among Afghans, so that the brotherly people of Afghanistan could undertake the task of rehabilitation and reconstruction.